and those having more than that number. The places of the latter class were disregarded on the supposition that, in view of their average size, had they answered the relative results would not have been affected; on the other hand, all the places of the former class numbering 113, and having a combined population of 50,861 were included and were counted in view of the paucity of their population, as if they had reported no Jews.

The findings were then examined from the point of view of the major divisions of the country, namely North, South, and West as well as for the country as a whole, and the examination yielded the following results:

	United States	Divisions		
		North	South	West
SAMPLE A.—INCORPORATED RURAL PLACES				
Number of Places Canvassed........	490	313	135	42
Total Population..................	319,584	194,436	94,095	31,053
Places Reporting Jews.............	119	74	35	10
Number of Jews Reported..........	984	646	291	47
Per Cent of Places Having Jews.....	24.28	23.7	26.	24.
Per Cent of Jews Among Uncanvassed Population...............	0.307	.33	.31	.15
SAMPLE B.—UNINCORPORATED RURAL PLACES				
Number of Places Canvassed........	339	188	82	69
Total Population..................	246,595	115,527	99,865	31,203
Places Reporting Jews.............	23	9	9	5
Number of Jews Reported..........	330	128	161	41
Per Cent of Places Having Jews.....	6.78	4.78	11.	7.24
Per Cent of Jews Among Uncanvassed Population...............	0.134	0.11	0.16	0.13
SAMPLE C.—URBAN PLACES OF 2,500–5,000				
Number of Places Canvassed	82	48	22	12
Total Population..................	265,391	155,589	69,132	40,670
Places Reporting Jews.............	58	35	13	10
Number of Jews Reported........	807	528	102	177
Per Cent of Places Having Jews.....	70.73	73.	60.	84.
Per Cent of Jews Among Uncanvassed Population...............	0.304	0.339	0.148	0.436

The percentages for both, places and Jews, of each division were then applied to the states within each division. For example: in order to determine the number of places having Jews among the uncanvassed rural places in Illinois, 23.7%, which is the percentage of the North, was taken from the total number of uncanvassed places in the state of Illinois and the result accepted as the number of places having Jews among those. Similar was the procedure in the case of the number of Jews among the population of the uncanvassed places. The figures attained for the states of a division, both for places and for the number of Jews, were then added, and the sum totals accepted as number of places and of Jews for that division, as follows: